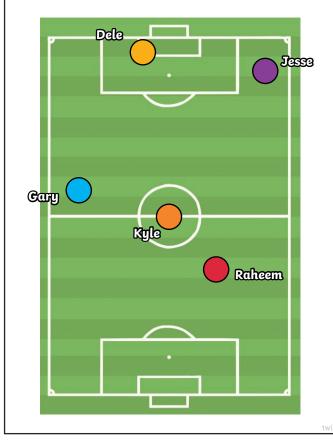
Draw the following in your book and then ask your learning partner to check your measuring is accurate.



- a) An angle measuring 65° with one line measuring 6.5cm
- b) An obtuse angle measuring 136° with one line measuring 5.4cm
- 2) The players are passing the ball to each other.

  Draw the path the football takes by following the instructions, then measure the angles created.
  - a) Raheem to Gary to Dele \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) Dele to Jesse to Kyle \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) Gary to Dele to Raheem \_\_\_\_\_
  - d) Kyle to Raheem to Jesse \_\_\_\_\_

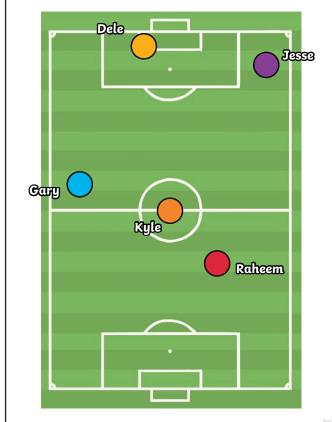


Draw the following in your book and then ask your learning partner to check your measuring is accurate.



- a) An angle measuring 65° with one line measuring 6.5cm
- b) An obtuse angle measuring 136° with one line measuring 5.4cm
- 2) The players are passing the ball to each other.

  Draw the path the football takes by following the instructions, then measure the angles created.
  - a) Raheem to Gary to Dele \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) Dele to Jesse to Kyle \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) Gary to Dele to Raheem \_\_\_\_\_
  - d) Kyle to Raheem to Jesse \_\_\_\_\_

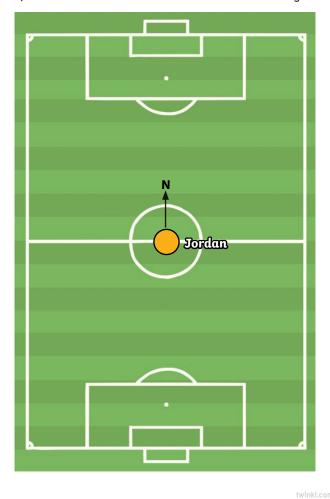


twinkl.co

 Can you identify where the other players are on the diagram of the pitch? Jordan is facing north. Mark on the pitch where the other players are in relation to Jordan.



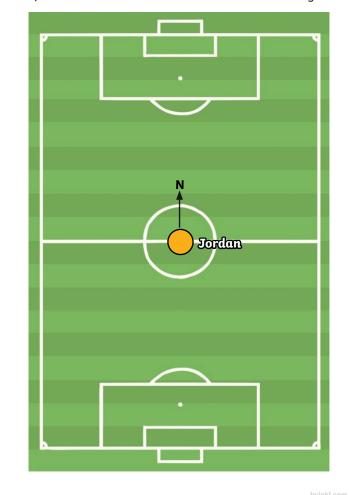
- a) Eric is 63° clockwise and 4.2cm away.
- b) Marcus is 172° anticlockwise and 5.3cm away.
- c) Jamie is 285° clockwise and 3.7cm away.
- d) Trent is 313° anticlockwise and 1.9cm away.



 Can you identify where the other players are on the diagram of the pitch? Jordan is facing north. Mark on the pitch where the other players are in relation to Jordan.



- a) Eric is 63° clockwise and 4.2cm away.
- b) Marcus is 172° anticlockwise and 5.3cm away.
- c) Jamie is 285° clockwise and 3.7cm away.
- d) Trent is 313° anticlockwise and 1.9cm away.



 Draw these shapes in your book, then ask your learning partner to check your measuring is accurate.

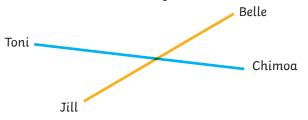


- a) A quadrilateral with one angle measuring 90°, one angle measuring 110° and one of the sides measuring 7.6cm
- b) An isosceles triangle with one angle measuring 55° and one side measuring 6.4cm
- 2) In your book, answer the following questions.

  The football players are warming up by passing the ball back and forth.



a) Where the balls cross, what angles are created? What do you notice?



b) These players are passing the ball too. What is the same and what is different about the angles created compared to the picture before? Is this always the case? Investigate by drawing your own pair of intersecting lines.

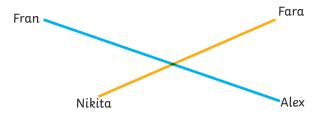
twinkl.com

1) Draw these shapes in your book, then ask your learning partner to check your measuring is accurate.



- a) A quadrilateral with one angle measuring 90°, one angle measuring 110° and one of the sides measuring 7.6cm
- b) An isosceles triangle with one angle measuring 55° and one side measuring 6.4cm
- 2) In your book, answer the following questions.

  The football players are warming up by passing the ball back and forth.



a) Where the balls cross, what angles are created? What do you notice?



b) These players are passing the ball too.
What is the **same** and what is **different**about the angles created compared to the picture
before? Is this always the case? Investigate
by drawing your own pair of intersecting lines.

twinkl.con